

# Newton's Academy

#### History

**Time: 2 Hours** 

(1)

Max. Marks: 40

[3]

[3]

- *Note:* 1. *All* the activities/questions are compulsory.
  - 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - 3. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
  - 4. It is mandatory to write a complete statement as answer in Question No. 1(A) and 6.
  - 5. In Question Nos. 2(A) and 8(B) the appropriate answer is expected to be written by pen only in the concept map.
  - 6. In Question No. 1(A), 1(B) and Question No. 6 are repeated then only first attempted answer will be considered.

(D)

(B)

(D)

(B)

(D)

Q.1. (A) Choose the *correct* option from the given options and complete the sentences:

- The Sanskrit text of 'Hitopadesh' was translated in German by \_\_\_\_\_
- (A) James Mill (B)
- (C) Mount Stuart Elphinstone
- Friedrich Max Muller Sir John Marshall

Harappa

Kolkata

Plants

Forts

- (2) The earliest museum in the world was discovered in the excavations at the city of \_\_\_\_\_
  - (A) Delhi
  - (C) Ur
- (3) Bhilar, a village near Mahabaleshwar is known as the 'Village of \_\_\_\_\_.'
  - (A) Books
  - (C) Mangoes
- Q.1. (B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it:
  - Georg Wilhem Friedrich Hegel i. 'Reason in History' ii. Leopold von Ranke 'The Theory and Practice of History' iii. Herodotus 'The Histories' iv. Karl Marx 'Discourse on the Method' i. Darpan Balshastri Jambhekar ii. Prabhakar Acharya P.K. Atre iii. Deenbandhu Krishnarao Bhalekar iv. Kesari Bal Gangadhar Tilak
  - (3)

(1)

(2)

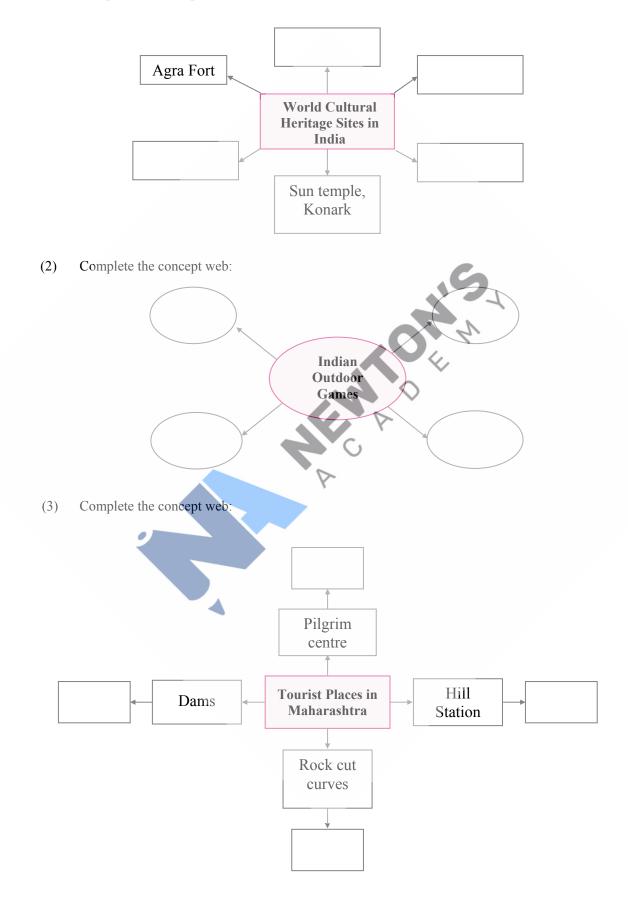
i.	Ranjankhalage (Naturally carved out cavities in rocks) at Nighoj	Geographic tourism
ii.	Forts in Rajastan	Historical tourism
iii.	A visit to Agricultural University	Agro-tourism
iv.	Himalayan Car Rally	Health tourism



## **Practice Paper-5**

- Q.2. (A) Complete the following concept map / chart (any *two*):
  - (1) Complete the concept web:

[4]





Q.2	<ul> <li>(B) Write short notes on (any <i>two</i>):</li> <li>(1) Voltaire</li> </ul>	[4]	
	(2) Kesari and Maratha		
	(3) Toys and festival		
Q.3.	<ul> <li>Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):</li> <li>(1) Historical research was driven to focus in depth on various aspects of women's life.</li> <li>(2) It is essential to study the history of technology.</li> <li>(3) Toys throw light on the History.</li> <li>(4) Only trained persons, who are duly qualified can take up task involved in the work of</li> </ul>	[4]	
	conservation and preservation.		
Q.4.	Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it: Heritage Walks: To go on a tour for visiting historical places is known as 'Heritage Walk'. One can experience the thrill of being a part of history by participating in heritage walks. 'Heritage Walks' as an organised group activity has gained popularity in many countries. India has a rich history, which can be traced back to many millenniums. Every region in India is full of		
	historical places from ancient, medieval and modern period. The 'Heritage Walk' organised in the city of Ahmedabad is well-known. In the cities of Mumbai and Pune in Maharashtra such walks are organised regularly. Heritage walks can encourage people to support projects like conservation and preservation of historical monuments, to collect authentic information about them and to publish it through various media. Residences of renowned citizens who have passed away are also part of heritage. In some cities, 'blue plaques' with the names and other relevant information of such citizens are placed on their residences, as a part of heritage scheme.		
	Questions:		
	(1) What is meant by Heritage Walk?	(1)	
	<ul><li>(2) In which cities in India heritage walk is organised?</li><li>(3) Name the place in your district that you would like to visit as part of heritage walk and why?</li></ul>	(1)	
		(2)	
Q.5.	Answers the following questions in detail (any two):		
	(1) What is Marxist history?		
	<ul><li>(2) Why is library management important?</li><li>(3) Explain the difference between Indoor games and Outdoor games.</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>(4) What different methods of communication were adapted before the advent of newspapers?</li></ul>		
0.4			
Q.6.	<ul> <li>Choose the <i>correct</i> option from the given options and complete the statements:</li> <li>(1) In Maharashtra, seats are reserved for women in local and self-governing institutions.</li> </ul>	[2]	
	(1) In Maharashtra,seats are reserved for women in local and self-governing institutions. (A) 25 % (B) 30 % (C) 40 % (D) 50 %		
	<ul> <li>(a) 25 % (b) 50 % (c) 40 % (c) 50 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 50 % (c) 50 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 50 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c) 40 %</li> <li>(c) 40 % (c) 40 % (c</li></ul>		
	(A) Water Revolution (B) Green revolution		
	(C) Industrial revolution (D) White revolution.		
07	State whether the following statements are two or follow. Cive reasons for your ensure		
Q.7.	State whether the following statements are true <i>or</i> false. Give reasons for your answer (any <i>two</i> ):		
	<ol> <li>Indian democracy is considered the largest democracy in world.</li> </ol>		
	(2) Coalition politics leads to instability.		
	(3) The movement does not need leadership.		
Q.8.	(A) Explain the following concepts (any <i>one</i> ):		
	(1) Right to Information		
	(2) Electoral reforms		



## **Practice Paper-5**



- **Do as directed (any** *one***):** Complete the concept map: **(B)**
- (1)



(2) Complete the table:

Stat	e / Area	Tribes	
(1) Odis	ha		19
(2)		Koli	
(3) Chot	a Nagpur		4
(4)		Santhal	4

#### Q.9. Answer in brief (any *one*):

- Explain the functions of the Election Commission. Explain the nature of farmer's movement in India. (1)
- (2)

[2]